

STUDENT'S NAME _____
TEACHER'S NUMBER _____ BRANCH _____
Score: _____ Check One: Passed _____ Needs More Study _____
Perfect Score = 81 Passing Score = 57



The Music Teachers' Association of California

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

Musical Knowledge Evaluation

KEYBOARD: LEVEL III

1996 Edition



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1. Name these Major keys (for example, G Major). (4 points)

_____ Major _____ Major _____ Major _____ Major

2. Name these minor keys (for example, b minor). (3 points)

_____ minor _____ minor _____ minor

3. Give the letter name and type of each of the following scales (for example, C Major; e harmonic minor)
The first one is given. (4 points)

_____ e _____ natural _____ minor

4. Name these intervals. Be sure to tell if each is Major or Perfect. The first one is given. (6 points)

M6 _____

5. Give the position of each of these triads. R = Root Position, 1st = 1st Inversion, and 2nd = 2nd Inversion. The first one is given. (3 points)

1st _____

6. Give the root for each of these triads. The first one is given. (4 points)

F _____

7. Write the Roman Numerals under the Primary Triads below. The I (Tonic) chord is given. (2 points)

I _____ (I)

8. Match these terms with their definitions. (7 points)

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| a. Accelerando | _____ | Much, very |
| b. Molto | _____ | G Major / e minor |
| c. Adagio | _____ | Spirited |
| d. Relative Major and minor | _____ | Release the soft pedal |
| e. Poco | _____ | Gradually faster |
| f. Spiritoso | _____ | Little |
| g. Tre corda | _____ | Very slow |

9. Match the names for these chords with their Roman Numerals. (3 points)

I _____ Dominant

IV _____ Tonic

V _____ Subdominant

10. Write the Roman Numerals for the chords that form these cadences. (2 points)

Authentic _____ - _____

Half _____ - _____

11. Complete this rhythm by adding one note under each arrow. (4 points)

12. Circle the correct time signature for each of these rhythms. (3 points)

3/4 6/8 2/2

6/8 3/4 4/4

2/2 2/4 3/4

This music is from a Sonatina by Clementi. Answer these questions about the music. (8 points)

13. According to the key signature, what is the key of measures 1-4? _____ Major

14. What is the meaning of the tempo marking "Andante?" _____

15. What is the meaning of *dolce* in measure 1? _____

16. What is the meaning of *sfz* in measure 4? _____

17. Give the letter name of the root for each of the circled triads.

a. _____

b. _____

c. _____

d. _____

Allegro moderato

1 2 3 4

5 6 7 8

a. b. c. d.

Una corda

poco cresc.

This music is from "Angel's Voices" by Burgmüller. Answer these questions about the music. (9 points)

18. How else can the time signature be written? _____
19. What is the meaning of the tempo marking "Allegro moderato?" _____
20. What does the "Una corda" in measure 1 mean? _____
21. What compositional technique is used in measures 1-2 (the bracketed measures)? _____ Sequence
_____ Repetition
22. What is the meaning of "poco cresc." in measure 3? _____
23. The music is in the key of G Major. Name the circled chords with their Roman Numerals (I, IV, or V).
a. _____
b. _____
c. _____
d. _____

This music is from a Bourrée by J.S. Bach. Answer these questions about the music. (8 points)

- 24. What is the minor key? _____ minor
- 25. Which form of the minor is indicated by the D \sharp in measure 1? _____ Natural
_____ Harmonic
- 26. How else can the time signature be written? _____
- 27. What is the name for the symbol \flat used on the notes D and C in measure 2? _____
- 28. Name the circled intervals (M2, P4, etc.).
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
 - d. _____

Ear Training Evaluation

This is your Level III ear training evaluation. Listen to each question and its musical example. Mark your answer. Each example will be played two times.

1. Recognition of Major and minor in a four-measure phrase.

_____ Major

_____ minor

2. Recognition of Major and minor in a four-measure phrase.

_____ Major

_____ minor

3. _____ Legato touch _____ Staccato touch

4. Recognition of Major and minor triads.

Example 1: _____ Major _____ minor

Example 2: _____ Major _____ minor

5. Recognition of Major and Perfect intervals.

Example 1: _____ M2 _____ M3

Example 2: _____ P5 _____ M7

Example 3: _____ P5 _____ M6

6. Recognition of rhythm in a four-measure phrase.

Ex. 1: $\frac{2}{4}$ { No. 1 _____ ||

No. 2 _____ ||

Ex. 2: $\frac{3}{4}$ { No. 1 _____ ||

No. 2 _____ ||

7. Recognition of tempo.

_____ Spiritoso _____ Adagio